

**LISTING OF CLAIMS**

1. (Original). A liquid oligomeric composition comprising:  
a cycloaliphatic epoxide; and  
an organic soluble, ungelled, uncrosslinked, Michael addition polyacrylate reaction product.
2. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, wherein said Michael addition polyacrylate product is formed from a multifunctional acrylate Michael acceptor and a  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl Michael donor.
3. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, wherein said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl Michael donor is selected from the group consisting of  $\beta$ -keto esters,  $\beta$ -diketones,  $\beta$ -ketoamides,  $\beta$ -ketoanilides, and mixtures thereof.
4. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, wherein said multifunctional acrylate Michael acceptor is selected from the group consisting of diacrylates, triacrylates, and tetraacrylates.
5. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, wherein said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl Michael donor is a  $\beta$ -diketone or a  $\beta$ -ketoester.
6. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 3, wherein said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl has equivalent functionality (N) wherein N = 2, 4, 6, or 8.

7. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 4, wherein the molar acrylic functional group ratio of said diacrylate Michael acceptor to said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl donor is:

- $\geq 1:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=2,
- $\geq 4.5:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=4,
- $\geq 4.5:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=6, and
- $\geq 3.5:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=8.

8. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 4, wherein the molar acrylic functional group ratio of said triacrylate Michael acceptor to said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl donor is:

- $\geq 2.25$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=2,
- $\geq 6.4:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=4,
- $\geq 7.8:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=6, and
- $\geq 7.4:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=8.

9. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 4, wherein the molar acrylic functional group ratio of said tetraacrylate Michael acceptor to said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl donor is:

- $\geq 6.6$  where said acetoacetate functionality=2,
- $\geq 12.3:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=4,
- $\geq 13.2:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=6, and
- $\geq 12.7:1$  where said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl functionality=8.

10. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, wherein said cycloaliphatic epoxide has a Brookfield viscosity of  $<1,000$  cP at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

11. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 10, wherein said cycloaliphatic epoxide is selected from the group consisting of 3,4-epoxycyclohexylmethyl-3,4-epoxycyclohexane carboxylate and bis-(3,4-epoxycyclohexyl) adipate.
12. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, further comprising a modifying epoxide.
13. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 12, wherein said modifying epoxide is selected from the group consisting of limonene monoxide, diglycidyl ether of bisphenol A, and epoxy phenol novolacs.
14. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 11, wherein a preferred cycloaliphatic epoxide is 3,4-epoxycyclohexylmethyl-3,4-epoxycyclohexane carboxylate.
15. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, wherein said Michael addition reaction is carried out in the presence of a strong base.
16. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 13, wherein said base is chosen from the group consisting of cyclic amidines, guanidines, group I alkoxides, quaternary hydroxides, quaternary alkoxides, and alkoxide bases generated *in situ* by reaction between a halide anion and an epoxy moiety.

17. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 14, wherein said base is chosen from the group consisting of diazabicycloundecene (DBU), diazabicyclo-nonene (DBN), and 1,1,3,3-tetramethyl guanidine.

18. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 14, wherein said alkoxide is generated in-situ by reaction between a quaternary halide and an epoxide moiety.

19. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 4, wherein said diacrylate is selected from the group consisting of:

ethylene glycol diacrylate, propylene glycol diacrylate, diethylene glycol diacrylate, dipropylene glycol diacrylate, triethylene glycol diacrylate, tripropylene glycol diacrylate, tetraethylene glycol diacrylate, tetrapropylene glycol diacrylate, polyethylene glycol diacrylate, polypropylene glycol diacrylate, ethoxylated bisphenol A diacrylate, bisphenol A diglycidyl ether diacrylate, resorcinol diglycidyl ether diacrylate, 1, 3-propanediol diacrylate, 1, 4-butanediol diacrylate, 1, 5-pentanediol diacrylate, 1, 6-hexanediol diacrylate, neopentyl glycol diacrylate, cyclohexane dimethanol diacrylate, ethoxylated neopentyl glycol diacrylate, propoxylated neopentyl glycol diacrylate, ethoxylated cyclohexanedimethanol diacrylate, propoxylated cyclohexanedimethanol diacrylate, acrylated epoxy diacrylates, aryl urethane diacrylates, aliphatic urethane diacrylates, polyester diacrylates, and mixtures thereof.

20. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 4, wherein said triacrylate is selected from the group consisting of:

trimethylol propane triacrylate, glycerol triacrylate, ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate, propoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate, tris (2-hydroxyethyl) isocyanurate triacrylate,

ethoxylated glycerol triacrylate, propoxylated glycerol triacrylate,  
pentaerythritol triacrylate,  
aryl urethane triacrylates, aliphatic urethane triacrylates,  
melamine triacrylates,  
aliphatic epoxy triacrylates,  
epoxy novolac triacrylates,  
polyester triacrylates and mixtures thereof.

21. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 4, wherein said tetraacrylate is selected from the group consisting of

di-trimethylolpropane tetraacrylate  
pentaerythritol tetraacrylate,  
ethoxylated pentaerythritol tetraacrylate, propoxylated pentaerythritol  
tetraacrylate, dipentaerythritol tetraacrylate,  
ethoxylated dipentaerythritol tetraacrylate, propoxylated dipentaerythritol  
tetraacrylate,  
aryl urethane tetraacrylates, aliphatic urethane tetraacrylates, polyester  
tetraacrylates,  
melamine tetraacrylates,  
epoxy novolac tetraacrylates, and mixtures thereof.

22. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 6, wherein said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl donor compound having functionality = 2 is selected from the group consisting of:

ethyl acetoacetate,  
methyl acetoacetate,  
2-ethylhexyl acetoacetate,  
lauryl acetoacetate,  
t-butyl acetoacetate,  
acetoacetanilide,  
N-alkyl acetoacetanilide  
acetoacetamide,  
2-acetoacetoxylethyl methacrylate,  
allyl acetoacetate,  
benzyl acetoacetate,

2, 4-pentanedione,  
isobutyl acetoacetate, and  
2-methoxyethyl acetoacetate.

23. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 6, wherein said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl donor compound having functionality = 4 is selected from the group consisting of:  
1,4-butanediol diacetoacetate,  
1,6-hexanediol diacetoacetate,  
neopentyl glycol diacetoacetate,  
cyclohexane dimethanol diacetoacetate, and  
alkoxylated bisphenol A diacetoacetate.

24. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 6, wherein said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl donor compound having functionality = 6 is selected from the group consisting of:  
trimethylol propane triacetoacetate,  
glycerin triacetoacetate, and  
polycaprolactone triacetoacetates and alkoxylated derivatives thereof.

25. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 6, wherein said  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl donor compound having functionality = 8 is pentaerythritol tetraacetoacetate and alkoxylated derivatives thereof.

26. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 2, wherein said Michael addition reaction occurs in the presence of at least one non-reactive solvent.

27. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 24, wherein said non-reactive solvent is selected from the group consisting of styrene, t-butyl styrene,  $\alpha$ -methyl

styrene, vinyl toluene, vinyl acetate, allyl acetate, allyl methacrylate, diallyl phthalate, C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>18</sub>-methacrylate esters, dimethacrylates, and trimethacrylates.

28. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 1, wherein said composition is shelf stable for more than one month and has residual pendant unsaturated acrylate groups.

29. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 2, further comprising an acidifying agent.

30. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 29, wherein said acidifying agent is chosen from a group consisting of phosphoric acids, carboxylic acids, acid half esters, and inorganic acid esters.

31. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 30, wherein a preferred acidifying agent is selected from the group consisting of phosphate esters of 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate, 2-hydroxypropyl acrylate, 2-hydroxypropyl methacrylate, 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate, and 4-hydroxybutyl methacrylate.

32. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 2, further comprising a monoacrylate.

33. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 32, wherein said monoacrylate is chosen from the group consisting of simple C<sub>1</sub> - C<sub>18</sub> acrylate esters,

isobornyl acrylate (IBOA), tetrahydrofurfuryl acrylate (THFFA), 2-(2-ethoxyethoxy)ethyl acrylate (EOEOEA), phenoxyethyl acrylate (PEA), hydroxyalkyl acrylate, monoalkyl polyalkylene glycol acrylate, siloxane, silane or silicone acrylate, perfluoroalkyl acrylate, caprolactone acrylate, and mixtures thereof.

34. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 32, wherein said monoacrylate is present from about 0 to about 50 mol %.

35. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 32, wherein said monoacrylate is present from about 0 to about 25 mol %.

36. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 32, wherein said monoacrylate is present from about 0 to about 12.5 mol %.

37. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 2, further comprising a free-radical generator.

38. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 37, wherein said free-radical generator comprises a peroxide.

39. (Currently amended). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 37, wherein said peroxide is selected from the group consisting of benzoyl peroxide, methyl ethyl ketone peroxide (MEKP), tert-butyl perbenzoate (TBPB), cumyl peroxide, and t-butyl peroxi

(Original). ~~The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 2, further comprising a cationic photoinitiator.~~



40. (Currently amended). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim ~~[[39]]~~ 54, wherein said cationic photoinitiator is selected from the group consisting of perfluorometallate onium salts, iron arene salts, zirconocene salts, and manganese decacarbonyl salts.

41. (Currently amended). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim ~~[[39]]~~ 54, wherein said perfluorometallate is an anion selected from the group consisting of  $\text{BF}_4^-$ ,  $\text{PF}_6^-$ ,  $\text{SbF}_6^-$ , and  $\text{B}(\text{C}_6\text{F}_5)_4^-$ .

42. (Currently amended). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim ~~[[39]]~~ 54, wherein said onium is a cation selected from the group consisting of aryl sulfonium cations, aryl iodonium cations, and aryl phosphonium cations.

43. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 2, wherein said composition further comprises at least one additive.

44. (Original). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 43, wherein said additive is selected from the group consisting of pigments, gloss modifiers, flow and leveling agents and other additive as appropriate to formulate coatings, paints, laminates, sealants, adhesives and inks.

45. (Original). A polymerized product cured from a liquid oligomeric composition comprising:

A cycloaliphatic epoxide;

A cationic photoinitiator; and

an organic soluble, ungelled, uncrosslinked, Michael addition polyacrylate reaction product.

46. (Original). The polymerized product cured from a liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 43, further comprising a free-radical generator.

47. (Original). The polymerized product, according to claim 44, wherein said free-radical generator is actinic light.

48. (Original). The polymerized product, according to claim 45, wherein said free-radical generator is a peroxide.

49. (Original). The polymerized product, according to claim 45, further comprising at least one additive selected from the group consisting of pigments, gloss modifiers, flow and leveling agents and other additive as appropriate to formulate coatings, paints, laminates, sealants, adhesives and inks.

50. (Original). A method of making a liquid oligomeric composition, wherein said oligomeric composition has pendant unsaturated acrylate groups, the method comprising: reacting a multifunctional acrylate Michael acceptor and a  $\beta$ -dicarbonyl Michael donor in the presence of a strong base to form a Michael adduct; adding an acidifying agent to said adduct in an amount at least stoichiometric with said base; admixing a cycloaliphatic epoxide; and  
admixing a cationic photoinitiator.

51. (Original). A method of using a liquid oligomeric composition comprising:  
providing a liquid oligomeric composition comprising:  
a cycloaliphatic epoxide, a cationic photoinitiator, and  
an organic soluble, ungelled, uncrosslinked, Michael addition polyacrylate

reaction product;  
applying said oligomeric composition to a surface; and  
curing said composition.

52. (Original). A method of using a liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 50, wherein said composition further comprises at least one additive selected from the group consisting of pigments, gloss modifiers, flow and leveling agents and other additive as appropriate to formulate coatings, paints, laminates, sealants, adhesives and inks.

53. (Original). A substrate coated with the polymerized product of claim 45.

54. (New). The liquid oligomeric composition, according to claim 2, further comprising a cationic photoinitiator.